ORDINANCE NO. 07-87

ORDINANCE OF THE MAYOR AND THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF HIALEAH, FLORIDA REVISING THE **FINAL** HIALEAH. FLA. LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE TO REFLECT **CHANGES** TO THE PERTINENT CODE AND RELEVANT HIALEAH CHANGES IN STATE LAW ENACTED THE DATE OF SINCE THE LAST REVISION. INCLUDING. BUT NOT **AMENDING** LAND LIMITED TO, DEVELOPMENT REGULATION NO. 1 **ENTITLED** "LAND DEVELOPMENT PROCEDURES"; **AMENDING** LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATION NO. 2 "USES ENTITLED OF LAND AND WATER"; **AMENDING** LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATION NO. 7 "SIGN REGULATION"; ENTITLED AMENDING LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATION NO. 8 **ENTITLED** "CONCURRENCY **MANAGEMENT** SYSTEM"; **AMENDING** LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATION NO. 9 ENTITLED "TRAFFIC CRITERIA" AND AMENDING LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATION NO. 10 **ENTITLED** "SUBDIVISION OF LAND", **AND** REVISING THE DEFINITIONS IN THE INTRODUCTION: REPEALING ALL **ORDINANCES** OR **PARTS** OF **ORDINANCES** IN**CONFLICT** THEREWITH: PROVIDING PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION HEREOF; PROVIDING FOR INCLUSION IN THE HIALEAH. FLA., LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE AND THE HIALEAH CODE; PROVIDING FOR Α SEVERABILITY **CLAUSE** AND PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, the Planning and Zoning Board at its meeting of September 12, 2007 recommended approval of this ordinance; and

WHEREAS, the purpose and intent of this ordinance is to revise the Hialeah, Fla., Land Development Code to reflect changes in the planning regulations and policies, Hialeah Code and Florida law enacted since the last revision pursuant to Hialeah, Fla., Ordinance 06-67 (Oct. 12, 2006); and

WHEREAS, the incorporation of these changes are required so that provisions of the Hialeah, Fla. Land Development Code correspond to the existing Hialeah Code provisions to provide a uniform set of land development regulations.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE MAYOR AND THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF HIALEAH, FLORIDA, THAT:

Section 1: The Hialeah, Fla., Land Development Code as incorporated in the Code of Ordinances of the City of Hialeah, Florida is hereby revised and amended to read as follows:

PART III

LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE

INTRODUCTION

Sec. I-4. Development orders.

(a) Definitions.

(3) Final development order shall mean any development order that contains a specific plan for development, including the densities and intensities of the development, as specified in the Concurrency Management Systems Manual. A final development order for transportation may also be satisfied through fair share mitigation for transportation.

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REGULATION NO. 1. LAND DEVELOPMENT PROCEDURES

Sec. 1-2. Procedures for application for development orders.

- (c) Applications for setback adjustments or variances and nonuse variances for presentment before the planning and zoning board as final decision maker. The procedures for applications for setback adjustments or variances and nonuse variances for final decision before the planning and zoning board are governed by Hialeah Charter § 4.07(a)(3), as amended, Hialeah Code sections 98-36, 98-37, 98-102 and 98-103 and division 6 of article II of chapter 98, as amended, and policies and procedures established by the planning and development department.
 - (1) Exception for percentage adjustments to front, corner and street side setbacks on properties for urban infill and development, excluding Hialeah Heights. The city shall allow a percentage adjustment to front, corner and street side setbacks on properties for urban infill and development based on a sliding scale of maximum setback adjustment percentages calculated on a total point value of urban design elements as provided in section 98-275 hereof, without the necessity of applying for a setback adjustment.

REGULATION NO. 2. USES OF LAND AND WATER

TABLE 1. RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN LAND USE CLASSIFICATIONS AND ZONING DISTRICTS

Future Land Use Map Classification Zoning District

Neighborhood business district

NBD neighborhood business district
(overlay district)—six geographic
areas plus activity nodes – mixed use with
residential and commercial
components (up to 70 residential
units per net acre based on urban
design and other incentives).

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REGULATION NO. 7 SIGN REGULATION

Sec. 7-16. Signs in NBD neighborhood business district.

Sign regulations in the NBD Neighborhood Business District shall be the same as the sign regulations along the Palm Avenue Commercial Corridor (Palm Avenue, from Okeechobee Road to 21 Street), 9th Street within the HDUC district and on CR-zoned and CBD-zoned properties located outside the HDUC Districts, except that no variances shall be granted to allow pylon signs and that all existing pole or pylon signs on the property of a proposed development shall be removed and shall not be incorporated in the signage for the new development.

Sec. 7-167. Signs in other districts.

[renumber the remaining sections of Regulation No. 7 accordingly]

REGULATION NO. 8. CONCURRENCY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.

Sec. 8-5. Proportionate fare share mitigation for transportation.

(a) Applicability. The proportionate fair-share program shall apply to all developments within the city that have been notified of a lack of capacity to satisfy transportation

concurrency on one or more transportation facilities according to the concurrency management program, including transportation facilities maintained by the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) or another jurisdiction that are relied upon for concurrency determinations, pursuant to the general requirements. The proportionate fair-share program does not apply to Developments of Regional Impact (DRIs) using proportionate fair-share under section 163.3180(12), F.S., or to developments exempted from concurrency.

(b) General requirements.

- (1) An applicant whose project meets the applicability threshold may choose to satisfy transportation concurrency requirements by making a proportionate fair-share contribution, pursuant to the following requirements:
 - a. The proposed development is consistent with the city comprehensive plan and applicable land development regulations; and
 - b. The five-year schedule of capital improvements provided in the city capital improvements element (CIE) includes one or more transportation improvements that, upon completion, will satisfy the requirements of the city concurrency management program. The provisions of section (b) below may apply if a project or projects needed to satisfy concurrency are not presently contained within the capital improvements element.
- (2) The city may choose to allow an applicant to satisfy transportation concurrency for a deficient segment or segments, through the proportionate fair-share program, by the developer contributing to an improvement that, upon completion, will create additional capacity on the deficient segment or segments sufficient to accommodate the additional traffic generated by the applicant's proposed development even if the improvement project for the deficient segment or segments is not contained in the five-year schedule of capital improvements in the CIE where:
 - a. The city council holds an advertised public hearing to consider the proportionate share agreement and corresponding future changes to the five-year CIE; and

- b. The city council approves a proportionate fair-share agreement, by resolution, directing the administration to file a city-initiated amendment adding the improvement to the five-year schedule of capital improvements in the CIE, no later than the next regularly scheduled update or revision of the CIE. To qualify for consideration under this section, the proposed improvement must be reviewed by the city council, and determined to be financially feasible, consistent with the city comprehensive plan, and in compliance with the provisions of this division.
- (3) Any improvement project proposed to meet a developer's fair-share obligation must meet city design standards for locally maintained roadways, and the state design standards for the state highway system.

(c) Application process.

- (1) Upon the notification of a lack of capacity to satisfy transportation concurrency, an applicant may choose to satisfy transportation concurrency through the proportionate fair-share program pursuant to the general requirements provided herein.
- (2) Prior to submitting an application for a proportionate fair-share agreement, the applicant shall attend a pre-application meeting with the streets department and the planning division to discuss eligibility, application submittal requirements, potential mitigation options and related issues. If the impacted facility is on the Strategic Intermodal System (SIS), then FDOT will be notified and invited to participate in the pre-application meeting.
- (3) Eligible applicants shall submit an application to the planning division that includes an application fee, as established by resolution or administrative order, and the following:
 - a. Name, address, and phone number of owner, developer and agent;
 - <u>b.</u> Property location, including parcel identification numbers;

ORDINANCE NO. 07–87 Page 7

- c. Legal description and survey of property;
- d. Project description, including type, intensity, and amount of development;
 - e. Phasing schedule, if applicable;
- f. Description of requested proportionate fair-share mitigation method;
 - g. Copy of concurrency application; and
- h. Location map depicting the site and affected road network.
- (4) Within ten business days, the streets department and planning division shall review the application and certify that the application is sufficient and complete. If an application is determined to be insufficient, incomplete, or inconsistent with the general requirements of the proportionate fair-share program, then the applicant shall be notified in writing of the reasons for such deficiencies within ten business days of submittal of the application. If such deficiencies are not remedied by the applicant within 30 days of receipt of the written notification, then the application shall be deemed abandoned.
- (5) Pursuant to section 163.3180(16)(e), F. S., proposed proportionate fair-share mitigation for development impacts to facilities on the SIS requires the concurrency of FDOT. If a SIS facility is proposed for proportionate share mitigation, the applicant shall submit evidence of an agreement between the applicant and FDOT for inclusion in the proportionate fair-share agreement.
- (6) Once an application is deemed sufficient, complete, and eligible, a proposed proportionate fair-share obligation and binding agreement will be prepared by the applicant with city assistance and delivered to the streets department and planning division for review, including a copy to FDOT for any proposed proportionate fair-share mitigation on SIS facilities, no later than 60 days from the date at which the application was determined to be sufficient and no fewer than 14 days prior to the city council meeting when the agreement will be considered.

- (7) The office of the city clerk shall notify the applicant of the date, time, and location of city council meeting at which the agreement will be considered for final action. No proportionate fair-share agreement will be effective until approved by the city, by resolution.
- (d) Determination of proportionate fair-share obligation.
- (1) Proportionate fair-share mitigation for concurrency impacts may include, separately or collectively, private funds, contributions of land, and construction and contribution of facilities as provided for in section 163.3180(16)(c), F. S.
- (2) A development shall not be required to pay more than its proportionate fair-share. The fair market value of the proportionate fair-share mitigation for the impacted facilities shall not differ based on the form of mitigation as provided for in section 163.3180 (16)(c), F. S.
- (3) The methodology used to calculate an applicant's proportionate fair-share obligation shall be as provided for in section 163.3180(12), F. S., as follows:

The amount of the proportionate-share contribution shall be calculated based upon the cumulative number of trips from the proposed development expected to reach roadways during the peak hour from the complete build-out of a stage or phase being approved, divided by the change in the peak hour maximum service volume of roadways resulting from construction of an improvement necessary to maintain the adopted level of service, multiplied by the construction cost, at the time of developer payment, of the improvement necessary to maintain the adopted level of service. This methodology is expressed by the following formula:

Proportionate Fair Share = $\Sigma[[(Development Trips_i) \div (SV Increase_i)] \times Cost_i]$

(Note: In the context of the formula, the term "cumulative" does not include a previously approved stage or phase of a development.)

Where:

- $\underline{\Sigma}$ = Sum of all deficient links proposed for proportionate fair-share mitigation for a project.
- <u>Development Trips</u>; = Those trips from the stage or phase of <u>development under review that are assigned to roadway segment "i" and have triggered a deficiency per the concurrency management system;</u>
- <u>SV Increase</u>; = Service volume increase provided by the eligible improvement to roadway segment "i";
- Cost_i = Adjusted cost of the improvement to segment "i". Cost shall consist of all improvements and associated costs, including design, right-of-way acquisition, planning, engineering, inspection, and physical development costs, directly associated with construction at the anticipated cost in the year that construction will occur.
 - (4) For purposes of determining proportionate fair-share obligations, the city shall determine improvement costs based upon the actual and/or anticipated costs of the improvement in the year that construction will occur.
 - (5) If the city accepts an improvement project proposed by the applicant, then the value of the improvement shall be based on streets department cost estimate approved by the director of streets, or other method approved by the mayor.
 - (6) If the city accepts a right-of-way dedication for the proportionate fair-share payment, credit for the dedication of the non-site related right-of-way shall be valued on the date of the dedication at 120% of the most recent assessed value by the county property appraiser or, at the option of the applicant, by fair market value established by an independent appraisal approved by the city at no expense to the city. The applicant shall supply a drawing and legal description of the land and a certificate of title or title search of the land to the city at no expense to the city. If the estimated value of the right-of-way dedication proposed by the applicant, based on a city-approved appraisal, is less than the city estimated total proportionate fair-share obligation for that development, then the applicant must also pay the difference. Prior to the purchase of acquisitions of any real estate intended to be used for proportionate fair-

share, public or private partners should contact FDOT for essential information about compliance with federal law and regulations.

- (e) Impact fee credit for proportionate fair-share mitigation.
- (1) Where mitigation is occurring on county roads, proportionate fair-share contributions shall be applied as a credit against impact fees to the extent that all or a portion of the proportionate fair-share mitigation is used to address the same capital infrastructure improvements contemplated by the county's impact fee ordinance.
- (2) Impact fee credits for the proportionate fair-share contribution will be determined when the transportation impact fee obligation is calculated for the proposed development. Impact fees owed by the applicant will be reduced according to the proportionate fair-share agreement as they become due pursuant to the county's impact fee ordinance. If the applicant's proportionate fair-share obligation is less than the development's anticipated road impact fee for the specific stage or phase of development under review, then the applicant or its successor must pay the remaining impact fee amount to the county pursuant to the requirements of the county impact fee ordinance.
- (3) Major projects not included within the county's impact fee ordinance or created herein that can demonstrate a significant benefit to the impacted transportation system may be eligible, at the county's discretion, for impact fee credits.
- (4) The proportionate fair-share obligation is intended to mitigate the transportation impacts of a proposed development at a specific location. As a result, any road impact fee credit based upon proportionate fair-share contributions for a proposed development cannot be transferred to any other location unless provided for within the county's impact fee ordinance.

(f) Proportionate fair-share agreements.

(1) The city has the authority by resolution to enter into a proportionate fair-share agreement.

- (2) Upon executing a proportionate fair-share agreement, in a form acceptable by the city, and satisfying other concurrency requirements, an applicant shall receive concurrency approval. Should the applicant fail to apply for a development order within 90 days of receiving concurrency approval by the city, the project's concurrency vesting shall expire, and the applicant shall be required to re-apply.
- (3) Payment of the proportionate fair-share contribution is due in full prior to issuance of the final plat or building permit whichever occurs first. If the payment is submitted more than six months from the date of execution of the proportionate fair-share agreement, then the proportionate fair-share cost shall be recalculated at the time of payment based on the best estimate of the construction cost of the required improvement at the time of payment. Once a proportionate share payment for a project is made and other impact fees for the project are paid, no refunds shall be given unless otherwise established in a binding agreement that is accompanied by a security instrument that is sufficient to ensure the completion of all required improvements.
- (4) All developer improvements authorized under the fair-share program must be completed as established in a binding agreement that is accompanied by a security instrument that is sufficient to ensure the completion of all required improvements.
- (5) Dedication of necessary right-of-way for facility improvements pursuant to a proportionate fair-share agreement must be completed prior to issuance of the final development order or recording of the final plat.
- (6) Any requested change to a development project subsequent to issuance of a development order shall be subject to additional proportionate fair-share contributions to the extent the change would increase project costs or generate additional traffic that would require mitigation.
- (7) Applicants should submit a letter to withdraw from a proportionate fair-share agreement at any time prior to the execution of the agreement. The application fee and any associated advertising costs to the city are nonrefundable.

(8) The city may enter into proportionate fair-share agreements for selected corridor improvements to facilitate collaboration among multiple applicants on improvements to a shared transportation facility.

(g) Appropriation of fair-share revenues.

- (1) Proportionate fair-share revenues shall be placed in the appropriate project account for funding of scheduled improvements in the city CIE, or as otherwise established in the terms of the proportionate fair-share agreement. At the city's discretion, proportionate fair-share revenues may be used for operational improvements prior to construction of the capacity project from which the proportionate fair-share revenues were derived. Proportionate fair-share revenues may also be used as the 50% local match for funding under the FDOT Transportation Regional Incentive Program (TRIP).
- (2) In the event a scheduled facility improvement is removed from the CIE, then the proportionate fair share revenues collected for its construction may be applied toward the construction of alternative improvements within that same corridor or sector where the alternative improvement will mitigate the impacts of the development project on the congested roadway or roadways for which the original proportionate fair share contribution was made.

(h) Proportionate fair-share program for TCMAs.

Within transportation concurrency management areas (TCMAs) designated by the city, the city hereby establishes a proportionate fair-share assessment, based on the expected costs and transportation benefits of all the programmed improvements in the area, and based on the expected trip generation of the proposed development.

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REGULATION NO. 9. TRAFFIC CRITERIA.

Sec. 9-3. Traffic flow and vehicle parking.

(d) Minimum required off-street parking spaces.

(16) NBD neighborhood business district.

- a. Residential uses. Parking for residential uses shall be two parking spaces for one or two bedrooms, and one-half parking spaces for each additional bedroom. An additional one-quarter parking space for each dwelling unit shall be provided for guest parking.
- b. Commercial uses. The parking requirements for commercial uses as designated in this section shall apply except that vocational schools and post-secondary schools shall provide one parking space for every 150 square feet of gross floor area.

(1617) Places of worship

(1) Landscaping.

- (1) Off-street parking areas shall be landscaped according to the latest edition of the Miami-Dade County Landscape Manual for off-street parking and other vehicular use areas, as modified and supplemented by the city landscape manual, except that in peripheral landscaped areas along a right-of-way or adjacent to a front yard, trees shall be located no farther apart than 45 feet on center with a minimum of two trees for each right-of-way frontage and except as provided in R-Z residential districts.
- (6) Renovation and remodeling of residential-office, multiple family, commercial and industrial developments; supplemental landscaping.
- a. If a building permit is issued for renovating or remodeling a development within a residential-office, multiple family, commercial or industrial-zoned property,

ORDINANCE NO. 07-87 Page 14

without increasing the square footage of floor space, the city reserves the right, during the site plan review prior to issuing the building permit, to require additional trees and landscaping to supplement existing landscaping.

REGULATION NO. 10. SUBDIVISION OF LAND

Sec. 10-5. Protected areas.

(c) Significant structures or sites.

(1) Current inventory of sites designated by the Hialeah Historic Preservation Board

Date of
Designation
Description of Site

Location

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2006 <u>Hialeah Fountain</u> <u>Intersection of Palm Avenue</u> 17 Street

New Mount Zion Missionary Babtist Church 500 West 23 Street

Section 2: Repeal of Ordinances in Conflict.

All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed to the extent of such conflict.

Section 3: Penalties.

Every person violating any provision of the Code or any ordinance, rule or regulation adopted or issued in pursuance thereof shall be punished by a civil penalty not to exceed \$500.00 within the discretion of the court or administrative tribunal having

ORDINANCE NO. 07-87
Page 15

jurisdiction. Each act of violation and each day upon which any such violation shall occur shall constitute a separate offense. In addition to the penalty prescribed above, the City may pursue other remedies such as abatement of nuisance, injunctive relief, administrative adjudication and revocation of licenses or permits.

<u>Section 4:</u> Inclusion in Hialeah, Fla., Land Development Code and Hialeah Code.

The provisions of this ordinance shall be included and incorporated in the Hialeah, Fla., Land Development Code and Code of Ordinances of the City of Hialeah, as an addition or amendment thereto, and the sections of this ordinance shall be renumbered to conform to the uniform numbering system of the Hialeah, Fla., Land Development Code and the Hialeah Code.

Section 5: Severability Clause.

If any phrase, clause, sentence, paragraph or section of this ordinance shall be declared invalid or unconstitutional by the judgment or decree of a court of competent jurisdiction, such invalidity or unconstitutionality shall not affect any of the remaining phrases, clauses, sentences, paragraphs or sections of this ordinance.

Section 6: Effective Date.

This ordinance shall become effective when passed by the City Council and when signed by the Mayor or at the next regularly scheduled city council meeting, if the

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ORDINANCE NO. 07-87 Page 16

Mayor's si	ignature is withheld or if the City	Council overrides the Mayor's	veto.
PA	ASSED AND ADOPTED this 9^{t}	day of October	_, 2007.
	THE FOREGOING ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF HIALEAH WAS PUBLISHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF FLORIDA STATUTE 166.041	Esteban Bovo Council President	
	PRIOR TO FINAL READING.		•
Attest:	Approved on	this Il day of Detrober	_, 2007.
Rafael E.	Granado, City Clerk	Mayor Julio Robaina	
Approved	as to form and legal sufficiency:		
Wie	lion Frodrick		
William N	1. Grodnick, City Attorney		

Strikethrough indicates deletion. <u>Underline</u> indicates addition.

Ordinance was adopted by a unanimous vote with Councilmembers Bovo, Caragol, Casals-Muñoz, Gonzalez, Hernandez, Miel and Yedra voting "Yes".

S:wmg/legisl/ord-07/landdevelopmentcodrevision2007.doc